Synonymy in *Sphenophorus pertinax* Olivier (Coleoptera, Curculionidae, Rhynchophorinae)

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AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY, NEW YORK CITY

RECEIVED FOR PUBLICATION OCTOBER 2, 1973

Sphenophorus pertinax peninsularis Chittenden, 1905 (Jacksonville, Florida) is not separable from nominate pertinax Olivier, 1807 (New Jersey). NEW SYNONYMY.

Sphenophorus peninsularis, described as a species, was considered a subspecies of pertinax by Vaurie (1951) on the basis of six specimens from eastern Florida and Georgia and an additional specimen (Vaurie, 1967) from North Carolina. These specimens differed from nominate pertinax (Virginia north to northern New England and west to South Dakota) by having the three pronotal vittae more widely separated and the sides ventrally coated, not shining. However, specimens seen subsequently from the intervening area of South Carolina (1 & from Little River, and 1 & and 4 & from Myrtle Beach) belong to nominate pertinax because the vittae are not separated "by at least twice their own width" (Vaurie, 1951, p. 163), and only two of the six specimens are coated ventrally. I no longer have the example from Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, which I had considered to be *peninsularis*, but presumably its pronotal vittae were widely separated. It was collected from a plant of the same genus, Spartina, as nominate pertinax, but the species was alterniflora instead of cynosuroides. Thus the range of nominate pertinax extends the entire length of the Atlantic coast.

Another subspecies, *ludovicianus* Chittenden (type locality, New Orleans, Louisiana), occurs from extreme northwestern Florida and Alabama north to southern Missouri, west to eastern Texas. The vittae of this subspecies are only partially separated and the bare elytral stripes are longer than those of nominate *pertinax*.

Literature Cited

Vaurie, P. 1951. Revision of the genus *Calendra* (formerly *Sphenophorus*) in the United States and Mexico (Coleoptera, Curculionidae).

——. 1967. A new *Spenophorus* from Arizona and distributional notes (Coleoptera: Curculionidae).